Conditionality 2:

Reduction in IMR

STATE COMPLIANCE

In SRS bulletin 2015 Infant Mortality rate has reduced to 21 per 1000 live Births from 33 in 2008. Thus IMR is reduce by 6.53% in 6 years.

This meagre decline has to be interpreted in view of "diminishing marginal returns" at this level.

The interventions taken by the state to achieve the same are as follows:

- Operationalization of FRUs
- To identify any danger signs & the need to refer child at higher facility or treat at *Home Based New Born Care (HBNC)* is implemented throughout the State by ASHAs where in every new born is visited on day 0,3,7,14,21,28 and 42.
- At the Sub-district Hospital (SDH) and District Hospital (DH) level, the **SNCUs** are functional to admit sick neonates. At present 36 *SNCUs* are functional in the state.
- Under 13th Finance Commission 12 SNCUs are under Expansion in which 230 beds are added to the current level of 242 beds. 16 SNCUs are upgraded to Neonatal Intensive Care Unit by providing Neonatal Ventilators, CPAPs, ABG Machines and Portable X-rays. 4 New SNCUs are established in Medical Colleges.
- 164 *NBSUs* are functional and cater to newborns at block level
- JSSK Under Janani Shishu Suraksha Karyakram the sick neonates are provided free referral
 and treatment
- The sick SAM children are sent to *NRCs* for treatment and weight gain and for counseling. At present 35 Nutritional Rehabilitation Centers (NRCs) are functional in the state .At present 3779 children have been admitted in NRC this year
- Child Death Review got initiated at facilities and also for communities and corrective actions are taken.
- Deworming- Biannual rounds of Vitamin A
- As per Government of India guidelines *National Deworming Day* is implemented in the state for children between the ages of 1 years to 19 years.
- *IYCF* IYCF trainings of all health staff from all institutes is being undertaken.
- MAA Mothers' Absolute Affection, a nation-wide programme for promoting breastfeeding,

is an intensified programme of the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India, for creating an enabling environment to ensure that mothers, husbands and families receive adequate information and support for promotion of breastfeeding.

The goal of the MAA Programme is to enhance optimal breastfeeding practices, which includes early initiation of breastfeeding within one hour of birth, exclusive breastfeeding for the first six months, and continued breastfeeding for at least two years, along with feeding of safe and appropriate nutritious food on completion of six months. Detailed guidelines are distributed to guide the programme implementation in all the Districts.

- Intensified monitoring and supervision of 25 high IMR blocks with the infant mortality rate more than the state average of 24.
- *RBSK* The AWCs are visited and sick infants are identified and treated or referred if required through referral camps at district or sub district level
- *Trainings on SAB, IMCI, FIMCI, NRC, CDR*, etc.
- *IDCF* is implemented as fortnight in the month of August to prevent deaths due to diarrheal disease
- As per the recent *Rapid Survey on Children (RSOC)* 2013-14, Fully Immunize Children are 77.4%. And as per the DHIS 2 January 2017 report fully immunize children are 96 %.